



FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

This form is to be used for: 1) New/Emergency Program construction in Special Flood Hazard Areas; 2) Pre-FIRM construction after September 30, 1982; 3) Post-FIRM construction; and, 4) Other buildings rated as Post-FIRM rules.

John Dies BUILDING OV NAME	m 334 WNER'S	59th L	me South,	St. Pet	ersburg, Flo	ride 33707-1	616 (1-1.1
15613 Gu	ocation (Red1	ngton Beac	h, Flori	da		
	_						
I certify that t	the informati	on on this	certificate rep	resents my be	est efforts to inter	orel the data available	e. I understand that any false
statement may	y be punisha	ble by fin	e or imprisonm	ent under 18	U.S. code, Section	n 1001.	*** **********************************
SECTION 1	ELIGIBILITY	CERTIFI	CATION (Corr Archi	pleted by Lo	cal Community Pe eyor)	rmit Official or a Regis	stered Professional Engineer,
COMMUNITY NO.	PANEL NO	SUFFIX	DATE OF FIRM	FIRM ZONE	DATE OF CONSTR.	BASE FLOOD ELEV.	BUILDING IS
125140	<u>l</u> ı		n (n (0n	470	8-17-	(In AO Zone, use depth)	New/Emergency □ Pre-FIRM Reg
		С	3/2/83	Al2	/83	11'	Post-FIRM Reg.
of of	dinance. The	e certifier _ ft, NGVD	may rely on co	mmunity reconstruct the bu	ords. The lowest fl uilding at this elev	oor (including basem	community's flood plain ent) will be at an elevation uilding in violation of
₩ □ or	dinance bas	ed on elev	ation data and	visual inspec	in compliance with the community.	h the community's flo onable means.	ood plain management
YES NO Th	ne mobile ho ommunity's fl	me locate ood plain	d at the addres management o	s described a rdinance, or	bove has been tie in compliance wit	d down (anchored) in h the NFIP Specificat	n compliance with the ions.
MOBILE	HOME MAK	E	MODEL	YR. (OF MANUFACTU	RE SERIAL N	NO. DIMENSIONS
(Community F	Permit Offici	al or Regi	stered Professi	onal Enginee	r, Architect, or Su	rvevor)	
				W 1420 2000		923 18th Aven	no Co
	24211 04					9.77	ue so.
	L.S.		200	10 0 m	rt.	STATE Fla	ZIP 33707
SIGNATURE	15-2) P.	1		DATE 5/16/8	6 PHONE	222-5272
SECTION II	ELEVATION	N CERTIF	ICATION (Cer		cal Community Pe		stered Professional Engineer,
FIRM ZONE	A1-A30: I c at an	ertify that an elevati elevation	the building at	the property	location describe	d above has the lowes	st floor (including basement) rade at the building site is at
FIRM ZONES		I certify	that the building	at the prope	erty location descr	ibed above has the box	ttom of the lowest floor beam ge grade at the building site
FIRM ZONES . loor elevation	A, A99, AH a	nd EMERO	SENCY PROGR NGVD, The elev	AM: I certify t ation of the h	hat the building at ighest adjacent gr	the property location d ade next to the building	lescribed above has the lowest g isfeet, NGVD.
FIRM ZONE A leel, NGVD. T	AO: I certify he elevation	that the bu of the hig	ilding at the pr hest adjacent o	operty locati grade next to	on described above the building is	ve has the lowest floo feet, NG\	r elevation of/D.
SECTION III	FLOODPR	OOFING (CERTIFICATIO	N (Certificati	ion by a Registere	d Professional Engine	eer or Architect)
walls substant and hydrodyn forces associa	itially impernation in the impernation in the impernation in the imperation in the imperation in the impernation in the imperation in the	neable to and effects base floor the event uman inte	the passage of s of buoyancy d. of flooding, wil rvention means easures are tak	water and s that would be I this degree that water w	tructural compone e caused by the fl of-floodproofing b ill enter the buildi	ents having the capat ood depths, pressures e achieved with huma ng when floods up to	e building is watertight, with bility of resisting hydrostatic s velocities, impact and uplift an intervention? the base flood level oc- bolting metal shields over
If the answer t	NO □ Wi to both gues	II the build	ling be occupied.	ofing cannot		iting purposes and the	e actual lowest floor must be
FIRM ZONES						loodproofed Elevation	risfeet, (NGVD).
THIS CERTIFI	ICATION IS	FOR ₽ SE	CTION II	BOTH SEC	TIONS II AND III		
CERTIFIER'S		25		COMPANY			ICENSE NO. (or Affix Seal)
David C	Harmer'						2650
TITLE O	TELO TA	120		ADDRESS			ZIP
R.L.S.	The Mark	500	492	3 18th A	renue So.		33707
SIGNATURE	1, 2050	نومة	DATE 5/16/86	CITY Gul?po	,	STATE Florida	PHONE 323-5272
The	Insurance a	gent shou cond copy	ld attach the o	riginal copy opplied to the	of the completed	orm to the flood insu the third copy retaine	rance policy application.

New/Emergency Program Construction:

For the purposes of determining insurance rates, buildings for which the start of construction or substantial improvement commenced after September 30, 1982, are New/Emergency buildings.

Pre-FIRM Construction:

For the purposes of determining insurance rates, buildings for which the start of construction or substantial improvement was on or before December 31, 1974 or the effective date of the Initial Flood Insurance Rate Map (date printed on community FIRM), whichever is later. Special Note: If an approved building permit is dated prior to December 31, 1974, construction must have commenced not later than 130 days after the date of the approved building permit. "Existing Construction" and "Pre-FIRM Construction" have identical meanings for the purposes of the National Flood Insurance Program.

Post-FIRM Construction

For insurance rating purposes buildings for which the start of construction or substantial improvement commenced after December 21, 1974 or the effective date of the initial Flood Insurance Rate Map (date printed on community FIRM), whichever is later. "New Construction" and "Posi-FIRM Construction" have identical manings for the purposes of the National Flood Insurance Program.

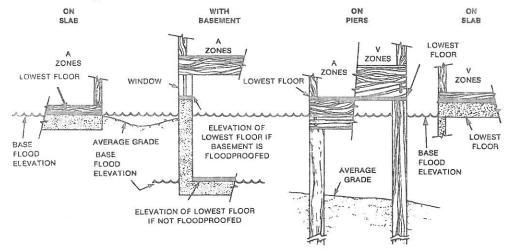
Substantial Improvement;

Any repair, reconstruction, or improvement of a building, the cost of which equals or exceeds 50 percent of the market value of the building either (a) before the improvement or repair is started, or (b) if the building has been damaged, and is being restored the market value before the damage occurred. For Flood Insurance Program purposes substantial improvement is started when the first alteration of any wall, ceiling, floor, or other structural part of the building commences, whether or not that alteration affects the external dimensions of the structure. However, the term does not include either any project for health, sanitary, or safety code specifications which are solely necessary to assure safe living conditions; or any alteration of a building listed on the National Register of Historic Places or a State Inventory of Historic Places.

Lowest Floor - The lowest floor is the lowest floor (including basement) of the enclosed area. The following modifications of the lowest floor definition are permitted in order to meet community permit practices:

- (1) In Zones A. AO, AH, A1-A30, B. C. D. and Emergency Program areas which are not oceanside building sites.
- (a) The floor of an unfinished enclosed area at ground level or above, which is a crawl space, or space within the foundation walls, usable as areas for building maintenance, access, parking vehicles, or storing of articles and maintenance equipment (not attached to the building) used in connection with the premises is not considered the building's lowest floor if the walls of the unfinished enclosed areas are constructed with openings (such as with parallel sheer walls, open lattice walls, discontinuous foundation walls, and combinations thereof) to facilitate the unimpeded movement of flood waters or the walls are breakaway walls.
- (b) The floor of an attached unfinished garage used for parking vehicles and storing articles and maintenance equipment used in connection with the premises and not attached to the building is not considered the building's lowest floor if the walls of the unfinished enclosed areas are constructed with openings (such as with parallel sheer walls, open lattice walls, discontinuous foundation walls, or combinations thereof) to facilitate the unimpeded movement of flood waters or the walls are breakaway walls.
- (2) In Zones V and V1-V30; and Emergency Program areas which are oceanside building lots, the following exceptions apply:
- (a) For flood plain management purposes, the floor of an unfinished enclosed area is not considered the building's lowest floor if the area's walls are constructed as breakaway walls. However, for insurance rating purposes:
- (i) The floor of an unfinished enclosed area less than 300 square feet is not considered the building's lowest floor if the walls are breakaway walls.
- (ii) The floor of an unfinished enclosed area equal to or greater than 300 square feet is considered the building's lowest floor even if the walls are breakaway walls.
- (b) The floor of an unfinished enclosed area with walls made of insect screening or open wood constructed break-away lattice work (regardless of the size of the area enclosed) is not considered the building's lowest floor.

Lowest Floor Elevation — The lowest floor elevation is the elevation of the bottom of the floor beam of the lowest floor in Zones V, V1-V30. In all other zones, the lowest floor elevation is the elevation of the top of the lowest floor.



NOTE:

A Zones - A, AO, AH, A1-A30, A99, Emergency Program other than Oceanside Building Sites

V Zones - V, V1-V30, Emergency Program Oceanside Building Sites (beach areas subject to wave action during severe storms)

Base Flood Elevation – Flood plain management requirements including the Base Flood Elevation are shown on the FIRM for Zones AH, A1-A30, V1-V30. For FIRM Zone A, V, and Emergency Program Special Flood Hazard Areas the community permit official or the builder has estimated this elevation by the reasonable interpretation of available data. Enter that estimated elevation in the space provided in Section I of the Elevation Certification for Base Flood Elevation. If this community permit official or the builder has not selected an estimated Base Flood Elevation, enter N.A.