

FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY NATIONAL FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAM

This form is to be used for: 1) Post-FIRM construction only when the base flood information is available for the building site, and 2) Pre-FIRM buildings rated using Post-FIRM rules
 Instructions for completing this form can be found on the reverse side.

BUILDING OWNER'S NAME POLICY NUMBER
 15643 Gulf Blvd.

STREET ADDRESS
 Apt -A/Unit-U Suite-S/Bldg -B NO ROUTE BOX NUMBER

OTHER DESCRIPTION (Block and lot numbers, etc.) FL
 Redington Beach
 CITY STATE ZIP CODE

This form is to be completed by a land surveyor, engineer, or architect who is authorized by state law to certify elevation information when the elevation information for zones A1-A30, AE, AH, A(with BFE), V1-V30, VE, and V(with BFE) is required. In the case of zone AO, the building official, the property owner, or the owner's representative should complete the information in Section I and may also complete the certification. Community officials who are authorized by local law or ordinance to provide floodplain management information may also complete this form.

SECTION I BUILDING ELEVATION INFORMATION

1. Using the Flood Insurance Manual or the NFIP Flood Insurance Application—Part 2 Worksheet, indicate the proper diagram number ____
2. FIRM Zones A1-A30, AE, AH, and A (with BFE). The top of the reference level floor from the selected diagram is at an elevation of 14.75 feet NGVD. (or other datum—see #5)
3. FIRM Zones V1-V30, VE, and V (with BFE). The bottom of the lowest horizontal structural member of the reference level floor from the selected diagram is at an elevation of _____ feet NGVD (or other datum—see #5).
4. FIRM Zone AO. The floor used as the reference level from the selected diagram is feet above highest natural grade next to the building (also enter in line 8). This value must be equal to or greater than the AO Zone flood depth number listed below. If no flood depth number is available, is the building's lowest floor (or reference level) elevated in accordance with the community's floodplain management ordinances? Yes No Unknown
5. Indicate the elevation datum system used in determining the above reference level elevations: NGVD Other (describe on back)
6. Indicate the elevation datum system used on the FIRM for base flood elevations: NGVD Other (describe on back)
(ATTENTION: If the elevation datum used in measuring the elevations is different than that used on the FIRM, then the elevations provided must be converted to the datum system used on the FIRM.)
7. Is the reference level based on actual construction? Yes No*
* A "No" answer is only valid if the building does not have the reference level floor in place. Fill in the elevation based on construction drawings and do not complete question #8. If "No" is checked, this certification will be valid only for buildings in the course of construction. After construction of the reference level floor is completed, a post-construction elevation certificate will be required for continued flood insurance coverage.
8. Provide the following measurements using the natural grade next to the building (round to the nearest foot).
 a. The reference level is:
 8 feet above below (check one) the highest grade. feet above below (check one) the lowest grade.
 feet above below (check one) the highest grade. feet above below (check one) the lowest grade.
 b. The garage floor (if applicable) is:
 feet above below (check one) the highest grade.
 feet above below (check one) the lowest grade.

SECTION II FLOOD INSURANCE RATE MAP INFORMATION

Provide the following from the proper FIRM (see Instructions on back—Date of FIRM) and accompanying insurance application:

COMMUNITY NO	PANEL NO	SUFFIX	DATE OF FIRM	FIRM ZONE	BASE FLOOD ELEV (In AO Zone, use depth)	COMMUNITY ESTIMATED BASE FLOOD ELEVATION ESTABLISHED FOR ZONE A OR ZONE V, IF AVAILABLE
125140	0004	C	3/2/83	A12	11 ft.	

Elevation reference mark used appears on FIRM Yes No (See reverse side for details)

SECTION III CERTIFICATION

This certification is to be signed by a land surveyor, engineer, or architect who is authorized by state law to certify elevation information when the elevation information for zones A1-A30, AE, AH, A(with BFE), V1-V30, VE, and V(with BFE) is required. In the case of zone AO, the building official, the property owner, or the owner's representative can sign the certification. Community officials who are authorized by local law or ordinance to provide floodplain management information, may also sign the certification. I certify that the information on this certificate represents my best efforts to interpret the data available. I understand that any false statement may be punishable by fine or imprisonment under 18 U.S. Code, Section 1001.

John C. Brendla 1269
 CERTIFIER'S NAME LICENSE NUMBER (or Affix Seal)
 Registered Land Surveyor John C. Brendla & Associates, Inc.

TITLE COMPANY NAME FL 34665
 4015 82nd Ave. No. Pinellas Park

ADDRESS CITY STATE ZIP
 SIGNATURE DATE PHONE
10/9/90 576-7546

The insurance agent should attach the original copy of the completed form to the flood insurance policy application. The second copy should be supplied to the policyholder and the third copy retained by the agent. The fourth copy is for the local community permit office, if required.
 THIS FORM MAY BE REPRODUCED.

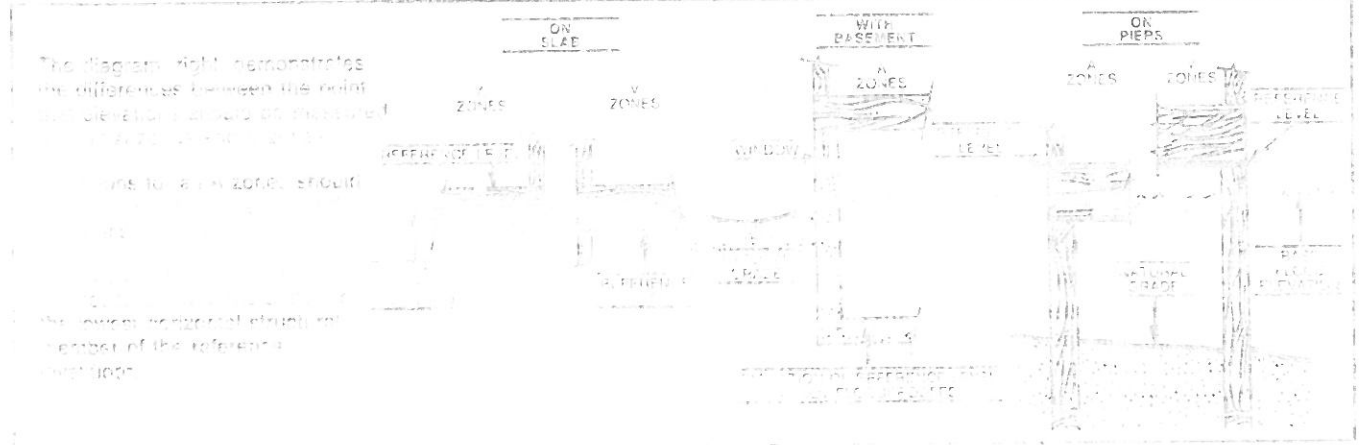
FOR OPTIONAL COMMUNITY USE: Is the reference level also the lowest floor under the community's floodplain management ordinances?
 YES NO If NO the elevation of the lowest floor is _____ feet NGVD.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE ELEVATION CERTIFICATE

The Flood Insurance Manual (FIM) and the Flood Insurance Application (FIA) Manual contain a series of diagrams that are to be used to determine the reference level for the specific structure type under. The diagrams are available through local insurance agents with the National Flood Insurance Program.

The diagram that is shown on the figure is used to determine the reference level for structures on "berms". The reference level is the top of the lowest structural member of the structure. For structure locations in areas with a "berm", the reference level is the top of the lowest structural member of the structure. For structure locations in areas without a "berm", the reference level is the top of the lowest structural member of the structure. For structure locations in areas with a "berm", the reference level is the top of the lowest structural member of the structure.

The key to determining the reference level is the top of the lowest structural member of the structure.



The diagram right demonstrates the difference between the reference level and the elevation of the structure. The reference level is the top of the lowest structural member of the structure. The elevation is the height of the structure above the reference level.

The diagram shows a cross-section of a building on a slab. The reference level is the top of the lowest structural member of the structure. The elevation is the height of the structure above the reference level. The diagram also shows a cross-section of a building with a basement. The reference level is the top of the lowest structural member of the structure. The elevation is the height of the structure above the reference level.

The diagram shows a cross-section of a building on piers. The reference level is the top of the lowest structural member of the structure. The elevation is the height of the structure above the reference level. The diagram also shows a cross-section of a building with a basement. The reference level is the top of the lowest structural member of the structure. The elevation is the height of the structure above the reference level.

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COMMENTS:

Comments section for the elevation certificate, providing space for additional information or notes.

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